<u>Text Structure</u>	Sentence Construction	Word / Language	<u>Punctuation</u>	<u>Spelling</u>	<u>Terminology</u>
Consolidate Year 2 list	Consolidate Year 2 list	Consolidate Year 2	Consolidate Year 2	Consolidate spellings	<u>Consolidate:</u>
<u>Introduce:</u>	Introduce:	list	list	from Year 2	
Fining		Introduce:	Introduce:		Punctuation
Fiction Secure use of planning tools:	Vary long and short sentences:	$\Omega M M \Delta r$		Suffix – ing, ed, en,	Finger spaces
Story map / story mountain / story	Long sentences to add description	Adverbs	Secure use of	ion, er, ly, ly	• Letter
grids / 'Boxing –up' grid	or information.	then, next, soon	inverted commas for	exceptions	• Word
grids / Boxing up grid	Short sentences for emphasis and	\ 5\	direct speech		Sentence Statement
Paragraphs to organise ideas into	making key points e.g.	Prepositions		i spelt y e.g. <i>gym,</i>	 Statement, question,
story part	Sam was really unhappy.	Next to , by the side	Use of commas after	mystery	exclamation,
	Visit the farm now.	of, in front of,	fronted adverbials		command
Extended vocabulary to introduce 5	Embellished simple sentences:	during , through , throughout ,	(e.g. Later that day, I heard the bad news.)	u spelt ou e.g. double, trouble	Full stops
story parts:	Adverb starters to add detail e.g.	because of	neura the bad news.)	double, trouble	Capital letter
Beginning – should include detailed	Carefully, she crawled along the	because of	Ellipses to keep the	Prefix – in, dis, mis,	Question mark
description of setting or characters	floor of the cave	Correctly use verbs	reader hanging on	re	 Exclamation
Build-up – build in some suspense	Amazingly, small insects can	in 1 st , 2 nd and 3 rd	reader hanging on	Suffix – ation, ous,	mark
towards the problem or dilemma	Amazingry, smail insects car	person	Colon before a list	ion, ian,	 Speech bubble
<u>Problem / Dilemma / Event</u> – include detail of actions / dialogue	Adverbial phrases used as 'where',	person	e.g. What you need:		 Speech marks
Resolution – should link with	'when' or 'how' starter	Powerful verbs	e.g. What you heed.	Words ending in ure	 Bullet points
problem		e.g. stare, slither,		e.g. treasure,	 Apostrophe
Ending – clear ending should link	Fronted Abverbials	tremble	13 T V	measure	(contractions
back to the start, show how the	A few days ago, we discovered a	4	4 4	/	only)
character is feeling, how the	hidden box.	Boastful Language	2007	Words ending in sion	• Commas for
character or situation has changed	At the back of the eye, is the retina.	e.g. magnificent,		e.g. collision,	sentence of 3
from the beginning.	ANDINA	unbelievable,	ALA!	television	description
	Prepositional phrases to place the	exci <mark>ting!</mark>			Singular / plural
Non Fishion	action:		/ /	k sound spelt ch e.g.	Suffix
Non-Fiction	On the mat, behind the tree, in the	Determiners		choir, chord	
Introduce:	air	Use of determiners a			Adjective / noun / Noun /
Secure use of planning tools:		or an according to		sh sound spelt ch e.g	phrases Verb / adverb /
		whether the next		chalet, charlotte	bossy verbs
		word begins with a			

e.g. Text map, washing line,
'Boxing-Up' grid, story grids
Paragraphs to organise ideas
around a theme
Write under headings and sub-
headings

<u>Introduction</u>

Develop hook to introduce and tempt reader in e.g.

Who...? What...? Where...? Why...? When...? How...?

Middle Section(s)

Group related ideas / facts into paragraphs

Sub headings to introduce sections / paragraphs

Topic sentences to introduce paragraphs

List of steps to be taken

Bullet points for facts Flow diagram

Develop Ending

Personal response

Extra information / reminders e.g. Information boxes / Five Amazing

Facts

Wow comment

Use of the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause e.g. I have written it down so I can check what it said.

Use of present perfect instead of simple past.

Compound sentences (Coordination) using conjunctions: and/or/but/so/for/or/yet

Complex Sentences (Subordination) using conjunctions: because, while, if, although

Topic sentences to introduce nonfiction paragraphs e.g. Dragons are found across the world.

Dialogue – powerful speech verb e.g. "Hello," she whispered Develop complex sentences (Subordination) with range of subordinating conjunctions

-'ing' clauses as starters e.g.
Sighing, the boy finished his
homework.
Grunting, the pig lay down to sleep.

Sentence of 3 for description e.g.
The cottage was almost invisible,
hiding under a thick layer of snow
and glistening in the sunlight.
Drop in a relative clause using:
who/whom/which/whose/that e.g.
The girl, whom I remember, had
long black hair.

vowel e.g. a rock, an open box

More specific / technical vocabulary to add detail

e.g.

A few dragons of this variety can breathe on any creature and turn it to stone immediately.

Drops of rain

Nouns formed from prefixes e.g. auto... super...

anti...

corrugated, tin roof.

pounded on the

Word families based on common words e.g. teacher – teach, beauty - beautiful g sound spelt gue e.g. *league, fatigue, intrigue* Tense (past, present, future)
Connective
Generalisers

Alliteration
Simile – 'as' / 'like'

Introduce

- Word family
- Conjunction
- Adverb
- Preposition
- Direct speech
- Inverted commas
- Consonant /vowel
- Prefix
- Clause
- Subordinate clause
- Determiner
- Synonyms
- Relative clause
- Relative pronoun
- Imperative
- Colon for instructions

