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|  | Key Stage 1 | | Key Stage 2 | | | |
|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| Designing  **Key Stage 1**  Design – purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Design – generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates and mock-ups and where appropriate, information and communication technology.  **Key Stage 2**  Use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups. Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design | -Use own ideas to design something and describe how their own idea works.  -Design a product which moves.  -Explain to someone else how they want to make their product and make a simple plan before making | -Think of an idea and plan what to do next.  -Explain why they have chosen specific textiles | -Prove that a design meets a set criteria.  -Design a product and make sure that it looks attractive.  -Choose a material for both its suitability and its appearance | -Use ideas from other people when designing.  -Produce a plan and explain it.  -Persevere and adapt work when original ideas do not work.  -Communicate ideas in a range of ways, including by sketches and drawings which are annotated. | -Come up with a range of ideas after collecting information from different sources.  -Produce a detailed step by step plan.  -Explain how a product will appeal to a specific audience.  -Design a product that requires pulleys or gears. | -Use market research to inform plans and ideas.  -Follow and refine original plans.  -Justify planning in a convincing way.  -Show that culture and society is considered in plans and designs. |
| Making  **Key Stage 1**  Select and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing)  Select from and use a wide range of materials, textiles, ingredients, according to their characteristics.  **Key Stage 2**  Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing), accurately select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. | -Use own ideas to make something.  -Make a product which moves  -Choose appropriate resources and tools | -Choose tools and materials and explain why they have chosen them.  -Join materials and components in different ways  -Measure materials to use in a model or structure. | -Follow a step by step plan, choosing the right equipment and materials  -Select the most appropriate tools and techniques for a given task  -Make a product which uses both electrical and mechanical components.  -Work accurately to measure, make cuts and make holes. | -Know which tools to use for a particular task and show knowledge of handling the tool.  -Know which material is likely to give the best outcome  -Measure accurately. | -Use a range of tools and equipment competently  -Make a prototype before making a final version  -Make a product that relies on pulleys or gears. | -Know which tool to use for a specific practical task  -Know how to use any tool correctly and safely  -Know what each tool is used for  -Explain why a specific tool is best for a specific action. |
| Evaluating  **Key Stage 1**  Explore and evaluate a range of existing products, evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.  **Key Stage 2**  Investigate and analyse a range of existing products, evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work, understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world. | -Describe how something works.  -Explain what works well and not so well in the model they have made. | -Explain what went well with their work. | -Explain how to improve a finished model.  -Know why a model has, or has not, been successful. | -Evaluate and suggest improvements for design.  -Evaluate products for both their purpose and appearance  -Explain how the original design has been improved.  -Present a product in an interesting way. | -Suggest alternative plans; outlining the positive features and draw backs  -Evaluate appearance and function against original criteria. | -Know how to test and evaluate designed products  -Explain how products should be stored and give reasons.  -Evaluate product against clear criteria. |
| Technical knowledge  **Key Stage 1**  Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable. Explore and use mechanisms (for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles) in their products.  **Key Stage 2**  Apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures, understand and use mechanical systems in their products (for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages) understand and use electrical systems in their products (for example, series circuits, incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors) Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. | -Make their own model stronger | -Make a model stronger and more stable.  -Use wheels and axles, when appropriate to do so. | -Know how to strengthen a product by stiffening a given part or reinforce a part of the structure.  -Use a simple IT program within the design. | -Links scientific knowledge by using lights, switches or buzzers  -Use electrical systems to enhance the equality of the product.  -Use IT, where appropriate, to add to the quality of the product. | -Links scientific knowledge to design by using pulleys or gears.  -Uses more complex IT program to help enhance the quality of the product produced. | -Use electrical systems correctly and accurately to enhance a given product.  -Know which IT product would further enhance a specific product.  -Use knowledge to improve a made product by strengthening, stiffening or reinforcing. |
| Food Technology  **Key Stage 1**  Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes and understand where food comes from  **Key Stage 2**  Understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet, prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques, understand seasonality and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed. | -Cut food safely | -Weigh ingredients to use in a recipe  -Describe the ingredients used when making a dish or cake. | -Describe how food ingredients come together  -Weigh out ingredients and follow a given recipe to create a dish  -Talk about which food is healthy and which food is not.  -Know when food is ready for harvesting. | -Know how to be both hygienic and safe when using food.  -Bring a creative element to the food product being designed. | -Be both hygienic and safe in the kitchen  -Know how to prepare a meal by collecting the ingredients in the first place.  -Know which season various foods are available for harvesting. | -Explain how food ingredients should be stored and give reasons.  -Work within a budget to create a meal.  -Understand the difference between a savoury and sweet dish. |